$\qquad$
$\qquad$

## Lesson 12.2 Surface Area of Solids

## Find the area of each figure.



$$
\begin{aligned}
\text { Area } & =\ldots \\
& = \\
& =\square
\end{aligned}
$$

3. 


5.


$$
\begin{aligned}
\text { Area } & =\frac{1}{2} \times \ldots \times(\square) \\
& =\square
\end{aligned}
$$

4. 



$$
\begin{aligned}
\text { Area } & =\frac{1}{2} \times \ldots \\
& =\square
\end{aligned}
$$

6. 



$$
\begin{aligned}
\text { Area } & =\square \times \square \\
& =\square \mathrm{cm}^{2}
\end{aligned}
$$

2. 

Area $=$ $\qquad$ $\times$ $\qquad$
$=$ $\qquad$ $\mathrm{cm}^{2}$
$\qquad$

## Solve. Show your work.

## Example

A cube has edges measuring 3 inches. Find the surface area of the cube.


The surface area of a solid is the total area of the faces (including the bases) and the curved surfaces of the solid figure.


There are 6 square faces.

Area of each square face
$\qquad$
$=$ $\qquad$ in. ${ }^{2}$

## Surface area

$=$ number of square faces $\times$ area of each square face
$=6$
$=54$ in. ${ }^{2}$

The surface area of the cube is $\qquad$ 54 square inches.

Name: $\qquad$ Date:
7. A cube has edges measuring 20 feet each. Find the surface area of the cube.

There are $\qquad$ square faces.

Area of each square face $=$ $\qquad$ $\times$ $\qquad$
$=$ $\qquad$ $\mathrm{ft}^{2}$

## Surface area

$=$ number of square faces $\times$ area of each square face
$=$ $\qquad$ $\times$ $\qquad$

$=$ $\qquad$ $\mathrm{ft}^{2}$

The surface area of the cube is $\qquad$ square feet.
8. A cube has edges measuring 15 meters each. Find the surface area of the cube.
9. A box is shaped like a cube. It has edges measuring 24 centimeters each. Find the surface area of the cube.
$\qquad$

## Solve. Show your work.

## Example

A rectangular prism has edges measuring 10 centimeters by 4 centimeters by 5 centimeters. Find the surface area of the prism.


There are_ 2 rectangles, $A, 2$ rectangles, $B$, and 2 rectangles, $C$.
Area of rectangles, $A$ and $B$

$$
=\left(5+\frac{4}{5}+\frac{4}{10}\right.
$$

$$
=180 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}
$$

Area of two rectangles, $C=2 \times 5$

$$
=40 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}
$$

Surface area $=$ total area of rectangles, $A, B$, and $C$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& =\frac{180}{}+\frac{40}{} \\
& =220 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}
\end{aligned}
$$

The perimeter of the base multiplied by the height will give you the area of the four rectangles $A$ and $B$.


The surface area of the prism is $\qquad$ 220 square centimeters.

Name: $\qquad$ Date:
10. A rectangular prism measures 6 meters by 2 meters by 3 meters. Find the surface area of the prism.

There are $\qquad$ rectangles, A, $\qquad$ rectangles, $B$,
and $\qquad$ rectangles, C.

Area of two rectangles, $\mathrm{A}=$ $\qquad$ $\times$ $\qquad$ $\times$ $\qquad$

$$
=\longrightarrow \mathrm{m}^{2}
$$

Area of rectangles, B and C
$=($ $\qquad$ $+$ $\qquad$ $+$ $\qquad$ $\times$ $\qquad$
$=$ $\qquad$ $\mathrm{m}^{2}$

Surface area $=$ total area of rectangles $A, B$, and $C$

$=$ $\qquad$ $+$ $\qquad$

$$
=
$$

$\qquad$ $\mathrm{m}^{2}$

The surface area of the prism is $\qquad$ square meters.
11. A rectangular prism measures 13 inches by 7 inches by 2 inches. Find the surface area of the prism.
12. A block of ice in the shape of a rectangular prism measures 35 centimeters by 16 centimeters by 17 centimeters. Find the surface area of the prism.
$\qquad$ Date: $\qquad$

## Solve. Show your work.

## Example

The triangular prism shown has three rectangular faces. Its bases are congruent isosceles triangles. Find the surface area of the prism.


There are $\qquad$ rectangles and $\qquad$ 2 triangles.

$$
\begin{aligned}
\text { Area of two triangles } & =\frac{2}{2} \times \\
& =\xrightarrow[24]{\mathrm{ft}^{2}}
\end{aligned}
$$ $\times \quad \frac{1}{2}$ $\times$ $\qquad$ $\times$ $\qquad$

Area of three rectangles $=(\underline{8}+\boxed{5}+\underset{ }{12}$

$$
=216 \mathrm{ft}^{2}
$$

Surface area $=$ total area of triangles and rectangles

$$
\begin{aligned}
& =\frac{24}{216}+\frac{240}{\mathrm{ft}^{2}} \\
& =2
\end{aligned}
$$

The surface area of the prism is 240 square feet.

Name: $\qquad$ Date: $\qquad$
13. The triangular prism shown has three rectangular faces. Its bases are congruent equilateral triangles. Find the surface area of the prism.


There are $\qquad$ rectangles and $\qquad$ triangles.

Area of two triangles
$=$ $\qquad$ $\times$ $\qquad$ $\times$ $\qquad$ $\times$ $\qquad$
$=$ $\qquad$ $\mathrm{cm}^{2}$

Area of three rectangles $=$ $\qquad$ $+$ $\qquad$ $+$ $\qquad$ $x$ $\qquad$

$$
=\quad \mathrm{cm}^{2}
$$

Surface area $=$ total area of triangles and rectangles

$$
\begin{aligned}
& =\square \\
& = \\
& =\square
\end{aligned}
$$

The surface area of the prism is $\qquad$ square centimeters.
14. The triangular prism shown has 3 rectangular faces. Its bases are congruent isosceles triangles. Find the surface area of the prism.

$\qquad$
$\qquad$
15. The triangular prism shown has three rectangular faces. Its bases are congruent right triangles. Find the surface area of the prism.


## Solve. Show your work.

## Example

The pyramid has a square base measuring 14 inches on each side. It has four faces that are congruent isosceles triangles. The height of each triangle is 9 inches. Find the surface area of the pyramid.


$$
\begin{aligned}
\text { Area of square base } & =\frac{14}{14} \times \frac{14}{} \\
& =196 \text { in. }{ }^{2}
\end{aligned}
$$



Area of four triangles $=4 \times \frac{1}{2} \times 14 \times 9$

$$
=252 \mathrm{in}^{2}
$$

Surface area $=$ total area of square base and triangles

$$
\begin{aligned}
& =\frac{196}{252} \\
& =448 \text { in. }^{2}
\end{aligned}
$$

The surface area of the pyramid is $\qquad$ 448 square inches.

The surface area of the square pyramid is the area of the net of the prism.

Name:
Date:
16. The pyramid has a square base measuring 20 inches on each side. It has four faces that are congruent isosceles triangles. The height of each triangle is 12 inches. Find the surface area of the pyramid.

Area of square base $=$ $\qquad$ $\times$ $\qquad$
$=$ $\qquad$ $\mathrm{ft}^{2}$

Area of four triangles $=$ $\qquad$ $\times$ $\qquad$ $\times$ $\qquad$ $\times$
$=$ $\qquad$ $\mathrm{ft}^{2}$

Surface area $=$ total area of square base and triangles

$$
\begin{aligned}
& =\square \\
& =\square \\
& \mathrm{ft}^{2}
\end{aligned}
$$

The surface area of the pyramid is $\qquad$ square feet.

17. Alan makes a pyramid that has a square as its base. The other four faces are congruent isosceles triangles. He measures the lengths shown on the net of his pyramid. Find the surface area of the pyramid.

$\qquad$
18. The pyramid has an equilateral triangle as its base. The other three faces are congruent isosceles triangles. Find the surface area of the pyramid.

19. Sandra makes a pyramid that has an equilateral triangle as its base. The other three faces are congruent isosceles triangles. The height of the equilateral triangle is 11.3 centimeters. Find the surface area of the pyramid.

10. a) Distance turned by gear $A$
$=3 \cdot \pi d$
$\approx 3 \cdot \underline{3.14} \cdot \underline{18}$
$=\underline{169.56} \mathrm{~m}$
Distance each turned by gears $B$ and $C$ is the same as the distance turned by gear $\underline{A}$.
Total distance
$=3 \cdot 169.56$
$=\underline{508.68 \mathrm{~m}}$
$\approx 508.7 \mathrm{~m}$
The total distance the three gears turn is approximately 508.7 meters.
b) 150 toys are produced when gear $A$ makes 2.5 revolutions.

150 toys $\rightarrow \underline{2.5}$ revolutions
9,000 toys $\rightarrow \underline{\frac{2.5}{150}} \times \underline{9,000}$
$=\underline{150}$ revolutions
Gear A will make 150 revolutions.
11. a) 47.1 inches
b) 40.5 minutes
c) 1,440 revolutions
12. a) Area of two large semicircles
$=2 \cdot \frac{1}{2} \cdot \pi r^{2}$
$\approx 1 \cdot \underline{3.14} \cdot \underline{15} \cdot \underline{15}$
$=706.5 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$
Area of 16 small semicircles
$=16 \cdot \frac{1}{2} \cdot \pi r^{2}$
$\approx 8 \cdot \underline{3.14} \cdot \underline{3} \cdot \underline{3}$
$=\underline{226.08} \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$
Area of rectangle $=\ell w$
$=2 \cdot$ radius of small semicircle $\cdot 8 \cdot \underline{30}$
$=16 \cdot \underline{3} \cdot \underline{30}$
$=\underline{1,440 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}}$
Area of placemat
$=\underline{706.5}+\underline{226.08}+\underline{1,440}$
$=\underline{2,372.58} \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$
The area of the placemat is approximately 2,372.58 square centimeters.
b) The designer takes 25 minutes to dye 6 placemats.

6 placemats $\rightarrow \underline{25} \mathrm{~min}$

$$
\begin{aligned}
1,500 \text { placemats } & \rightarrow \underline{\frac{25}{6}} \times \underline{1,500} \\
& =\underline{6,250} \mathrm{~min}
\end{aligned}
$$

He needs at least 6,250 minutes.
13. a) 8,139 square feet
b) 8 hours

## Chapter 12

## Lesson 12.1

1. Answers vary. Sample:

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Base }=\underline{M N O} \\
& \text { Face }=\underline{J K N M} \\
& \text { Edge }=\overline{\overline{M O}} \\
& \text { Vertex }=\underline{J}
\end{aligned}
$$

2. Answers vary. Sample:

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Base }=\underline{P Q R S} \\
& \text { Face }=\underline{T U V W} \\
& \text { Edge }=\underline{\overline{W V}} \\
& \text { Vertex }=\underline{P}
\end{aligned}
$$

3. Answers vary. Sample:

Base $=\underline{E F G H}$
Face $=\underline{H G C D}$
Edge $=\underline{\overline{A E}}$
Vertex $=\underline{B}$
4. Answers vary. Sample:

Base $=\underline{A B C D}$
Face $=X B C$
Edge $=\underline{\overline{A X}}$
Vertex $=\underline{X}$
5. Answers vary. Sample:

Base $=\underline{P Q R}$
Face $=\underline{Y P Q}$
Edge $=\underline{\overline{Y R}}$
Vertex $=\underline{Y}$
6. $b, f ; c, d ; a, e$
7. $b, c ; a$
8. cube
9. triangular prism
10. rectangular prism
11. triangular pyramid
12. triangular prism
13. square pyramid

## Lesson 12.2

1. Area $=\underline{8} \times \underline{8}$

$$
=64 \mathrm{in}^{2}
$$

2. Area $=\underline{12} \times \underline{6}$

$$
=\underline{72} \mathrm{~cm}^{2}
$$

3. Area $=\frac{1}{2} \times \underline{18} \times \underline{8}$

$$
=\underline{72} \mathrm{~m}^{2}
$$

4. Area $=\frac{1}{2} \times \underline{10} \times \underline{14}$

$$
=\underline{70} \mathrm{ft}^{2}
$$

5. Area $=\frac{1}{2} \times \underline{8} \times(\underline{20}+\underline{12})$

$$
=\underline{128} \mathrm{ft}^{2}
$$

6. Area $=\underline{9} \times \underline{10}$

$$
=\underline{90} \mathrm{~cm}^{2}
$$

7. There are $\underline{6}$ square faces.

Area of each square face
$=\underline{20} \times \underline{20}$
$=\underline{400} \mathrm{ft}^{2}$
Surface area
$=$ number of square faces
$x$ area of each square face
$=\underline{6} \times \underline{400}$
$=\underline{2,400} \mathrm{ft}^{2}$
The surface area of the cube is $\underline{2,400}$ square feet.
8. 1,350 square meters
9. 3,456 square centimeters
10. There are $\underline{2}$ rectangles, $A, \underline{2}$ rectangles, $B$, and $\underline{2}$ rectangles, C.
Area of two rectangles, A
$=\underline{2} \times \underline{3} \times \underline{2}$
$=\underline{12} \mathrm{~m}^{2}$
Area of rectangles, $B$ and $C$
$=(\underline{2}+\underline{3}+\underline{2}+\underline{3}) \times \underline{6}$
$=60 \mathrm{~m}^{2}$
Surface area
$=$ total area of rectangles, $A, B$ and $C$
$=\underline{12}+\underline{60}$
$=\underline{72} \mathrm{~m}^{2}$
The surface area of the prism is $\underline{72}$ square meters.
11. 262 square inches
12. 2,854 square centimeters
13. There are $\underline{3}$ rectangles and $\underline{2}$ triangles.

Area of two triangles.
$=\underline{2} \times \underline{\frac{1}{2}} \times \underline{3} \times \underline{2.6}$
$=\underline{7.8} \overline{\mathrm{~cm}^{2}}$
Area of three rectangles
$=(\underline{3}+\underline{3}+\underline{3}) \times \underline{5}$
$=\underline{45} \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$
Surface area
$=$ total area of triangles and rectangles
$=\underline{7.8}+\underline{45}$
$=\underline{52.8} \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$
The surface area of the prism is 52.8 square centimeters.
14. $1,360.5$ square meters
15. 408 square inches
16. Area of square base
$=\underline{20} \times \underline{20}$
$=\underline{400} \mathrm{ft}^{2}$

Area of four triangles
$=\underline{4} \times \underline{\frac{1}{2}} \times \underline{20} \times \underline{12}$
$=\underline{480} \overline{\mathrm{ft}^{2}}$
Surface area
$=$ total area of square base and triangles
$=\underline{400}+\underline{480}$
$=\underline{880} \mathrm{ft}^{2}$
The surface area of the pyramid is 880 square feet.
17. 224.4 square centimeters
18. 135.6 square feet
19. 424.45 square centimeters

## Lesson 12.3

1. Volume
$=\underline{7} \times \underline{7} \times \underline{7}$
$=\underline{343}$ in. ${ }^{3}$
2. Volume
$=\underline{14} \times \underline{7} \times \underline{5}$
$=\underline{490} \mathrm{~cm}^{3}$
3. Length $=\underline{8}$ in.

Width $=6 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{in}$.
Height $=\underline{12} \mathrm{in}$.
Volume $=\ell w h$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& =\underline{8} \times 6 \frac{1}{2} \times \underline{12} \\
& =\underline{624}
\end{aligned}
$$

The volume of the rectangular prism is 624 cubic inches.
4. $1,220 \frac{1}{10} \mathrm{~cm}^{3}$
5. $14 \frac{2}{9} \mathrm{~m}^{3}$
6. forms
7. does not form; The rectangle has different dimensions with other cuts.
8. The slice does not form a uniform cross section.

The triangle has different dimensions with other cuts.
9. The slice does not form a uniform cross section.

The triangle has different dimensions with other cuts.
10. Volume
$=$ area of base $\cdot$ height
$=\underline{48} \cdot \underline{14}$
$=\underline{672} \mathrm{~cm}^{3}$
The volume of the prism is $\underline{672}$ cubic centimeters.
11. 3,600 cubic feet

